Fair; cloudy.

"Phwy do yez wear thot chinchilly?" Asked Mike of his friend Pat McN: 25 "I'll tell ye," said Pat, "when I go in the storm, "I hev the chinchilly to kape me chin warm."

TATHEN A COLD WAVE like this one strikes us one wants to keep the chin warm, and the neck and body warm, too. We've been helping the men and boys to be ready for this cold wave-

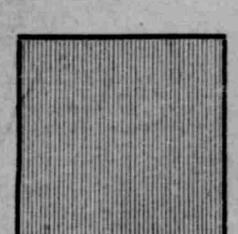
Just as well prepared to fit them out in "chinchillys" and other cold-wave defiers, as we were a week or a month ago.

Better prepared now-from the customer's standpoint.

Our Great

Overcoat Sale!

Men's finest Overcoats in Chester-fields, Munsters and nobby Box Coats of Kersey, Melton, Chinchilla, Beaver, Fur Beaver, etc., regular 825, 828 and 830 Overcoats, at



Our Great Suit Sale

Men's fine Winter Suits-stylishly and perfectly made of Cassimeres, Worsteds, Clay Worsteds, Cheviotswith the popular rough effects—suits that were made to sell at \$18, \$20, \$22 and \$25-broken lots now, so the

A Special Line of \$12 and \$15 Values in Overcoats is on Sale at \$10

The Boys In It, Too.

We're doing some special selling of Boys' and Children's Reefers-ages 3 to 15 years Several styles-sailor and velvet collars, in chinchilla and cheviot-keep the lads as war. as the proverbial bug in the rug. Worth \$6, \$6.50 and \$7-our price \$4.95.

A Warm Wave at

The When

MURPHY, HIBBEN & CO.

INDIANAPOLIS . . .

Wholesale Exclusively.

Previous to our usual semi-annual inventory, Dec. 1, we will offer all ODD LOTS of Hosiery, Underwear, Gloves, Mittens, Fascinators, Overshirts, etc., also Broken Color Assortments of Press Goods and Trimmings .

At Prices to Quickly Close

At Last We've Got "Em"

That is a perfect and reliable

BARLER'S OIL HEATERS

Can show you every style and size.

INDIANAPOLIS STOVE CO., S. MERIDIAN ST.

"Young Gibraltar" | This Week We Will Sell Drug House, 300 Massachusetts Ave.

FRANK H. CARTER.

PERFUMES

At 25c per Ounce.

BEST GOODS. ALL ODORS. MONON ROUTE

SHORT LINE

LEAVE INDIANAPOLIS.

No. 30—Chicago Limited, Pullman Vestibuled Coaches Parlor and Dining Cars, daily..... 11:50 am

No 36—Chicago Night Express, Pullman Vestibuled Coaches and Sleepers, daily 12:35 am Arrive Chicago 7:40 am No. 10—Monon Accommodation, daily, except

ARRIVE AT INDIANAPOLIS.

Pulman vestione Seeper for Charago stands a sest end Union Station, and can be taken at 8:30 p.-m.

For further information call at Ticket Office, No. 2 West Washington street, Union Station and Massachu-setts avenue.

FRANK J. REED, G. P. A. HAYLER, D. P. A.

DE ESPANA

High-grade Havana Cigars . .

P. L. CHAMBERS

- SOLE AGENT -

56 West Washington Street.

OUT OF THE COMBINE.

Duluth Roller Mills Company With

draws from a Compact.

MILWAUKEE, Nov. 19 .- As a result of a

sudden decision and action of the Duluth

Roller Mills Company, of Milwaukee, Faist,

Kraks & Co., proprietors, the national com-

bine of spring wheat millers has just re-

ceived a blow from which it cannot in all

probability recover. The firm named has

withdrawn from the combine, and will from

to-day quote its own prices and transact

all its own flour business regardless of the

undoubtedly result in the early dissolution

combination or association. This move will

of the combine. The combine worked all

right, it is said, for certain large mills in

Minneapolis, but somewhat to the detri-ment of others, including those in Mil-

"Brick" Allen's Rich Discovery.

DENVER, Col., Nov. 19 .- Major W. S.

vein ever discovered. The vein, as described

by people who have visited the spot, is one thousand feet across. The ore averages on the surface \$8 to the ton, If the discovery

sustains the claims of those who have been upon the ground, a new gold-bearing region has been found, which will eclipse anything known in the world. Senator Teller recently

made a quiet visit to the region and is filled with enthusiasm on the subject. "Brick" Al-len, of this city, discovered the vein.

No. 32—Vestibule, daily.... No. 35—Vestibule, daily... No. 8—Monon Accommodation, daily, except

BIG 4 ROUTE (I cun ville, New Albany & Chicago Ry. Co.) HOMESEEKERS' EXCURSIONS. CHICAGO

South, Southwest and Southeast

On Different Dates,

In November and December,

TO POINTS IN

Mahama, Arkansas, Indian Territory, Kentucky, Louisiana, Mississippi, Mis souri, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee and Virginia.

For exact dates, rates and limits, call on Big Four agents, Nos. 1 East Washington street, 36 Jackson place and Union Station.

H. M. BRONSON, A. G. P. A.

C., H. & D. R. R.

Atlanta and Florida Points

Low Round Trip Winter Rates

Direct connections with trains from Cincinnati for all points South. Tickets and all information at Union Station and 2 West Washington street. GEO. W. HAYLER, D. P. A.

THE INDIANAPOLIS WAREHOUSE CO.

Warehousemen, Forwarding and Commission Merchants. need on consignments. Registered re-Nos. 265 to 273 SCUTH PENNSYLVA-

CUTLERY ..

We have the most complete assortment of these goods, and lower prices than we have ever before offered. Bargains in Stag-handle Carvers.

LILLY & STALNAKER.

The Sunday Journal, by Mail, \$2 a Year

BANQUET TO GRANGERS.

Farmers Entertained by Citizens of Worcester-The Lubin Proposition.

WORCESTER, Mass., Nov. 19 .- The entertainment of the delegates to the National Grange by the city and citizens of Worcester, which commenced on the arrival of the Grangers for their annual convention on Wednesday of last week, culminated this evening in the reception and banquet tendered by the Worcester Board of Trade. Four hundred covers were laid in Mechanics Hall and after the banquet there was three hours of speaking. Vice President Ellery B. Crane, of the Board of Trade, presided. Mayor Henry A. Marsh responded for the city of Worcester; Col. J. H. Brigham, of Ohio, for the National Grange; Congressman Joseph H. Walker for "Our National Government;" Henry O. Deveyes, of Maryland, for the Grange of that State; Col. H. A. Thomas, for the Commonwealth of Massachusetts; William H. Fonson, of California for the Pacific coast Grangers; Dr. fornia, for the Pacific coast Grangers; Dr. Thes. C. Mendenhall, for "Our Educational Institutions;" Dr. George A. Bowen, of Connecticut, for the Grange of Connecticut; Chas. J. Washburne, for "Industrial Worcester," and Hon. Edward Wiggin, of Maine, for the Grange of the Pine Tree State

The Grange convention had a spice of excitement injected into it to-day, when a discussion of the "Lubin proposition" was opened. This proposition provides for legislation by the national government that will give a bounty on all agricultural prod-ucts exported, as well as a bounty for shipping. The proposition was defeated by the Grange two years ago. To-day the delegates seemed to be about evenly di-vided on the question. Final action was postponed.

RESULT OF A FEUD.

Joseph Kilgore and John Jones Dead and John Handley Dying.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Nov. 19 .- As a result of a feud between the Handley, Jones and Kilgore families, Joe Kilgore and John Jones are dead and John Handley is fatally injured. Some time ago Jones accused Handley of stealing watermelons, which the latter denied. The story, which received some circulation, caused much talk and resulted in hard feeling between the families of the men, who were all prominent young farmers and closely related. To-day Handley, ac-companied by Frank Kilgore, a relative, went to Oak Run to transact some business. Joseph Kilgore, a cousin of Frank, followed overtook them near Marietta. Jones Handley that if he would submit to a cowhiding that would settle matters. Handley rejected the proposition, and Jones and his friend opened fire. A fight followed. Each man fired until his weapon was emp-tied, fully two dozen shots being exchanged. Frank Kilgore, who was unhurt, has fied. Intense feeling is shown by the different families, and it is feared that each faction will take up arms against the other.

WILL NOT BE BARRED.

Prussian Insurance Companies May Do Business in Illinois.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Nov. 19.-Insurance Superintendent Durfee to-day, when asked what the Illinois department would do regarding admitting Prussian insurance companies to do business in Illinois, in view of the recent meeting of insurance men at New York for the purpose of taking some official action on the matter, said: "The Magdeburg Fire Insurance Company desires to enter the United States through New York, and I am informed the three big life companies are opposing its entry as a re-taliation on Prussia for driving life com-panies out of Prussia. The admission of companies to Illinois should not be based upon emotional spasms, but should be govrned by the law and facts in each instance. For that reason this department was not represented at the New York meeting," Superintendent Durfee said if compliance with the laws of this State should be observed by Prussian companies, he saw no reason why a license should not be granted them by this department. This is probably the first open stand taken in favor of Prussian

REIGN OF LAWLESSNESS.

Life and Property Unsafe in Portions of Pennsylvania.

HAZELTON, Pa., Nov. 19 .- John Osefsky, his wife and his brother, Peter, were today sent to Wilkesbarre jail to await trial on the charge of having murdered John Kokowski, under the verdict found by the coroner's jury last night. To-night the jury considered the shooting of John Holodock, at Minesville, on Sunday night, and brought in a verdict of deliberate murder against John Boback, who will be sent Peabody has arrived in the city from to the jail to-morrow. The reign of law-ling specimens of ore taken from the largest • lessness along the mountain toads continues in spite of this action. Three more will probably add to the murder list, John Rouck, a driver for a local beef company, was held up at Lattimen this morning and at the muzzle of a revolver was

of \$50. He was kicked into insensibility and the doctors say he will die. The citizens are growing desperate and there is talk of organizing vigilance committees of one hundred.

MISSION APPROPRIATIONS.

Work of the General Committee of the Methodist Church Completed.

DENVER, Col., Nov. 19 .- The Methodist General Missionary Conference finished its work to-night. The first work of to-day's session was the adoption of the report of the committee on Scandinavian missions. It apportioned the appropriation as follows: Norway, \$12,770; Sweden, \$16,025; Upsala, school, \$1,395; Denmark, \$6,975; for debt, \$930,000; Finland, \$7,300. The following appropriations were made, the amounts to be divided up among the missions of the countries named: Peru, \$7,905; Italy, \$33,666; church at Rome, \$7,200; Mexico, \$49,642; Africa, \$5,301; China, \$118,761; Japan, \$50,600; Corea, \$14,880; India, \$130,000.

The Eastern or domestic work was again taken up, and appropriations made for work among the Danes, Norwegians, French, Spanish, Japanese, Chinese, Bohemians, Italians and American Indians of the United States. The 7 per cent. reduction from last year's figures was observed in

from last year's figures was observed in most cases. The delegates will take a trip around the loop to-morrow.

VICTIM OF A

HOLMES'S ATTORNEY TELLS HOW HE WAS LED TO DO WRONG.

Places All the Blame on Detective Schwechler-Shoemaker Once a Citizen of Marion, Ind.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Nov. 19 .- The sensational developments in the Holmes case of yesterday, which culminated in the great criminal's chief counsel, lawyer William A. Shoemaker, becoming a prisoner on the enarge of subornation of perjury, was the chief topic of conversation in legal circles to-day. As yet the judges have taken no lawyer beyond holding him in bail, To-day Mr. Shoemaker had so far recovered his composure as to deny most emphatically the testimony of detective Schwechler. He declared he was the victim of a trap set by Schwechler, who, he claims, approached him and said he had discovered evidence in the shape of a statement made by Mrs. Blanche Hannigan, in which she heard ritezel speak about committing suicide. Shoemaker says Schwechler said he had found the woman in Woodbury, N. J., and that she was willing to make affidavit to what she knew. Shoemaker then, on the strength of the woman's alleged statements, prepared the affidavit and told the detective to bring her to this office. When she appeared he had no reason to believe she was other than Mrs. Hannigan. He said he intended to quection her, but she said she was in a hurry. Eventually she signed the affidavit and was

paid \$20. Shoemaker Family at Marion.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. MARION, Ind., Nov. 19 .- W. A. Shoemaker, the Philadelphia lawyer, who has become notorious through his connection with the Holmes case, was, for a short time, a citizen of Marion. He attempted to practice law here, bu' was not a glittering success, He was regarded as somewhat queer in the methods which he adopted to attract attention, but beyond that was supposed by the public to be straight. After various expeditions to different parts of the country he left, last spring, for radadelphia. He is about twenty-four years old.

OF CANUCKS

THEY WANT A LONG SLICE OF THE EASTERN PART OF ALASKA.

Boundary Line Surveyed So as to Take In the City of Juneau and

Rich Gold Mines.

PORT TOWNSEND, Wash, Nov. 19.-If the British government insists on the permanent establishment of the Alaskan boundary line as mapped by the Canadian civil engineers the city of Juneau and Douglass island, where the richest gold mines are located, will become a part of the English territory. A reporter of the Associated Press visited Victoria, B. C., and was permitted to examine the new maps made by the surveyors for the boundary commissioners and the authority on which the Canadians base their right to claim a strip of Alaskan territory. Dr. Damson, chief engineer of the Canadian corps of surveyors, made scientific observations from a range of mountains, which, together with the treaty stipulations, are the foundation on which the claim is made. These drawings clearly show the mining town of Juneau to be fully seven miles inside the British territory. Not only that, but Chilcat pass, the favorite and most generally traveled route to the Yukon mines, and the principal bays and inlets of southeastern Alaska are claimed to be part of Canada.

The location of the boundary is based on apparently the clear wording of the treaty of Feb. 28, 1825, between Russia and Great Britain. A certified copy of the instrument is in the hands of the British engineer and clearly states that the boundary line shall be from peak to peak along the summit of the mountain range running parallel with the coast, providing the mountain range does not extend more than ten marine leagues from the ocean, in which latter case the boundary line shall be parallel with the winding of the coast, and which shall never exceed the distance of ten marine leagues therefrom. The sense of the last clause is taken by the Canadian engineers to mean ten marine leagues from the ocean coast, and not the shore line of the various sounds, bays and inlets. In southeastern Alaska, on the average, the ocean shore is fully fifty miles from the main land, and adjacent bays and sounds and the principal inlets and rivers will be wholly in British territory, while a few outlying islands is all the territory that Canadians will con-cede the United States is entitled to. This will take from Alaska also a large portion of Bernera bay, where rich gold mines are now being worked. It will also put into British territory two of the largest canneries situated in southeast Alaska.

"KID" HUBBELL ARRESTED.

Charged with Beating and Robbing a Woman on a Sleeping Car. CHICAGO, Nov. 19 .- The police have ar-

rested "Kid" Hubbell, alias "Buffalo Kid," charged with assaulting and robbing Mrs. E. E. Mack, of Detroit, Sept. 26. The robbery was one of the most daring on record. Mr. and Mrs. Mack were on their way to Detroit, and had taken the stateroom in a sleeper on the Wabash train here. Mrs. Mack was alone in the stateroom, her husband having gone to the smoking compartment. Suddenly a man entered, and, after warning Mrs. Mack to be quiet, if she valued her life, proceeded to take everything of value which was in sight. Mrs. Mack was so frightened by the sudden appearance of the thief that she was unable to speak until he grasped a small satchel containing money and jewelry to the amount of \$400. Then she grappled with him. The man pulled her from the state-room to the platform of the car, beating her in a brutal manner. Mrs. Mack hung on to him, but on the platform the fellow managed to beat her down and break away. The train by this time was in the suburbs compelled to empty his pockets. William of the city and he escaped easily. Mrs. Walton, while driving an undertaker's wagon near Eberville, was shot at twice. To-night John Habela was wayiaid by masked men near Cranberry and robbed person.

NEW YORK CENTRAL TRAIN DITCHED ONE MILE FROM ROME.

Engineer and Tramp Killed and Eight Men, Including Five Railway Mail Service Clerks, Badly Injured.

TWO BOYS SOON ARRESTED

CONFESSION THAT THEY WRECKED THE TRAIN TO ROB PASSENGERS.

Fish Plates Removed from the Rails with Stolen Tools-Testimony of a Girl at the Coroner's Inquest.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. ROME, N. Y., Nov. 19 .- Four boys early this morning deliberately wrecked a fast New York Central train, causing the death of two men and the serious injury of eight others. The victims of the wreck are: NATHAN HAGER, of Albany, engineer of train, crushed to death under his loco-

WILLIAM BOND, of Syracuse, killed be twen the cars; was stealing a ride. CHRIS WAGNER, of Albany, fireman, injured internaly and badly burt about the

F. N. PADDOCK, of Syracuse, railway mail-service clerk, arm cut and bruised.

J. E. LAVINE, of New York, railway mail-service clerk, badly cut and bruised.

C. W. SACKETT, of Herkimer, railway mail-service clerk, arm cut and bruised.

M. J. M'CARTHY, of Buffalo, car porter, badly cut and bruised.

M. J. M'CARTHY, of Buffalo, car porter, badly cut and bruised.

DALLAS, Tex., Nov. 19.—A fire to-day de-

badly cut and bruised.

JOHN MACEY, of Syracuse, tramp, lef The wrecked train was No. 6; the scene of the crime, one mile west of this place; the hour, 4 o'clock a. m. and it was the second attempt within three weeks to wreck the same train near the same spot, which is an ideal one for the commission of such a crime. It was on a heavy down grade, and trains usually run down it at the rate of sixty-five miles an hour. This train, not stopping at Rome, generally goes down the grade at a greater rate of speed, and it is believed that to-day it must have been running close to seventy-five miles an hour in order to make up a few ninutes' lost time. There is not a house within half a mile of the place. The wreckers broke into the section tool house and stole some tools with which they removed the fish plates which fasten the rails to the

The train left Syracuse at 3:30 o'clock. It consisted of four mail cars and three sleepers. There were eleven postal clerks and fourteen passengers aboard, besides the members of the crew. When the train struck the loose rails the engine was thrown from the track into the ditch and completely submerged in the mire, only the driving wheels on the left side being above the earth. The forward mail car was thrown two car lengths ahead of the engine and rolled down the bank so that it lay lengthwise toward the rails. The second car, in which the mail clerks were working, was thrown on the tender of the engine and badly demolished. The third and fourth cars were also ditched, the ends of each being broken. The first one of the sleepers was thrown from the rails, completely rolling over so that the trucks were some distance from the rails. The second car was simply turned on its side, while the rear sleeper did not leave the tracks at

ies and pulled out the spikes.

Engineer Hager went down with his engine and must have been instantly killed. The fireman, Chris Wagner, was badly injured about the head and it is feared he is internally hurt. One tramp was found dead and another badly hurt. They are supposed to have been stealing a ride on the forward end of the first mail car directly in the rear of the engine. The postal

Immediately after the wreck the New York Central railway detectives went to work on the case and soon arrested John Hildreth and Frederick Bristol, two boys. After the arrest young Hildreth broke down and confessed that he and Bristol, in company with two other boys named Herbert Platto and Theodore Hibbard, had broken open the tool house and, with the aid of toois thus secured, had removed the fish plates from the rails. No cause is given for the deed.

The City Hall, in which the police station is located, is surrounded by a large crowd to-night, who express freely the opinion that the train wreckers should be lynched. The night and day police force is on duty to prevent trouble. Several witnesses have been taken into custody for examination, including a young woman with whom Hibbard kept company, and to whom he told the story of how he and his chums had wrecked the train.

The inquest over the bodies of Hagar and Bond was commenced to-night. The principal witness was Miss Celia Perryn. She testified that Hildreth came to her home on Cottage street, this morning, and ate breakfast. He told her all, acknowledging that he took part in wfecking the train. When they parted he told her she would probably not see him again, for he expected to be arrested, as he had lost his hat, containing his name. He asked her to telegraph to his father, J. Homer Hildreth, New York, and tell him he was in trouble and to come immediately and she said she did as directed. When Hildreth left her he said he was going to see the wreck and he told her she ought to go, for it was a sight. He told her also that they did it to rob the passengers. He said all he did was to lead the boys to the place.

THE CLEVELAND DISASTER. Testimony of the Draw Bridge Tender

Before the Coroner. CLEVELAND, Nov. 19 .- The coroner's inquest in connection with the terrible streetcar accident at the central viaduct was commenced to-day. Nearly the entire morning was devoted to the examination of

Captain Charles Brenner, who was in charge of the draw bridge on the night of the accident. His testimony was to the effect that the bridge gates were closed and a red light displayed over them when the car came up. He stated that the electric cut-off, which is supposed to shut off the current on the trolley wires five hundred feet from the draw bridge when the latter is open, had been out of order for at least ten days. Brenner testified that it was a dark, rainy night; that he first noticed the car when it was about forty feet from the gates; that he yelled at the motorman, who jumped to the bridge just in time to himself from going over with the Late this afternoon Myron T. Herrick and

S. Warner signed a \$15,000 bail bond and ugust Rogers, the motorman, was given his Philip Beck, who was with Captain Brenner on the bridge at the time of the acident, corroberates the latter's testimony. Beck said that both he and Brenner called loudly to the motorman to stop and he was certain they could have been heard

day in the basement of the six-story factory building at No. 98 Clinton street, in which about two hundred persons were employed, most of them in tailoring sweat shops. One man, thus far unidentified, perished by suffocation; two, who jumped from the burning structure to the roof of

motorman Rogers to the stand. Rogers re-fused to testify in the absence of his at-torney and when the latter arrived he declared that it was unjust to his client, who had been charged with manslaughter, to ask him to testify. After a conference it was decided to adjourn the inquest un-til to-morrow morning.

FATAL FIRE AT NEW YORK.

One Man Suffocated, Two Infured by

Jumping and a Woman Run Over.

NEW YORK, N.v. 19 .- Fire broke out to

a three-story building adjoining, received injuries which may result fatally, and a woman was run down by a fire chief's wagon going to the fire and so hurt that she may also die. The firemen helped many of the inmates out of the building and the others made their way to the ground by means of fire escapes. Meyer Lipschutz, an employing tailor, was the man most seriously injured. He jumped from a fourth-story window and struck the pavement fairly on his feet, but fell back limp, his right foot smashed, and there was a compound fracture of the left leg and he suffered internal injuries from which he will die. His brother, Louis Lipschutz, leaped from the roof of the burning building to the roof of the burning building adjoining on the south and received severe contusions of the back and serious internal injuries. The name of the woman hurt by the fire chief's wagon is Marie Belsinger. The man who is dead was taken from an upper floor of the building after the fire had been subdued. He was still alive, but did not regain consciousa three-story building adjoining, received

still alive, but did not regain conscious-Town Partly Burned by a Fire Bug.

DALLAS, Tex., Nov. 19 .- A fire to-day destroyed a building 200x50 feet, three stories in which were the establishments of the Texas Paper Company and of the Deering Harvesting Company, of Chicago. Loss on building, \$50,000; insurance, \$40,000. Loss of the Texas Paper Company, \$50,000; insurance, 34,700. Loss of the Deering Harvesting Company, \$25,000; covered by insurance.

CONFER

INFORMAL GATHERING OF REPUB-LICAN LEADERS AT NEW YORK.

Ex-President Harrison and Other Well-Known Men Registered at the Same Hotel-The Cuban Question.

NEW YORK, Nov. 19.-Politicians from all parts of the country are registered at the Fifth-avenue Hotel. Most of them claim that their visit has no political significance, and yet conferences between prominent leaders were not infrequent today. Conspicuous in the lobby were ex-President Harrison, Senator Sherman of gan, Congressman Galusha A. Grow of nois, ex-Senator Warner Miller of New York, Joseph H. Manley of Maine, Charles W. Hackett of Utica, Senator-elect Hobart of Pittsburg.

Senator Burrows, when asked his opinion in regard to Republican presidential candidates, said: "The woods are full of able Republican candidates. I only wish was so we could elect fifteen Presidents at ence in order to gratify the ambition of every one. A four-year term will not permit every one to serve as President." The Senator then, referring to the Democratic party, said that he thought President Cleve-land would be renominated.
"What about the recognition of the bel-ligerents in Cuba; will it be done by Con-

"It may be done; and if so, it will give struggling Cubans some advantage. on the other hand, it will make this government responsible to Spain for all damage done to Spanish commerce by vessels fitted out here. Resolutions of sympathy may be passed. But one thing I believe will be done, and that is a declaration The Monroe doctrine has never been acted on by Congress, but it is not too late." Congressman Galusha A. Grow was de cidedly in favor of recognizing the struggling Cubans as soon as possible. He said he would not be surprised to see a joint resolution passed soon after Congress met expressing sympathy for Cuba and asking hat the patriots there be recognized as belligerents. He felt that the Democratic chief executive had no sympathy with the

people struggling for independence.

Ex-President Harrison received a number of callers, among them William Brookfield, ommissioner of public works. He will remain several days longer. entirely on private business and that he would attend to political matters when he returned to Washington. When asked about Cuban affairs he said that he had nothing to say, that such matters as Cuba, Venezuela and the Waller case were too grave to be discussed at this time. He said that his relations with Mr. Platt were not unfriendly, that any opinions that he might have expressed in regard to the conduct of Mr. Platt were fair and honest, and that he had no grievance against Mr. Platt.

AN OHIO RUMOR.

Republican National Convention, It Is Said. May Go to San Francisco. COLUMBUS, O., Nov. 19 .- The statement that the Hon. J. S. Clarkson had written to a friend in Pittsburg telling him to rent rooms for the national Republican convention, there being no reservation in quite a number of Ohio politicians friendly to Governor McKinley, it was given out confidentially "that twenty-one members of the national committee had pledged them-selves to San Francisco and that the railroads had agreed to make a \$25 round trip rate. If this be true San Francisco has only five more members to get to secure the convention.

STUDENTS TURN BURGLARS.

Two College Boys Arrested and Plunder Found in Their Rooms.

SCHENECTADY, N. Y., Nov. 19 .- The mystery of the burglaries that have been batfling the police for three weeks past was solved to-day by the arrest of C. G. Humphrey, of Unadilla, and C. C. Miller. of Batavia, two Union College students, former a sophomore and the latter a freshman. A wagonload of stolen property was found in the prisoners' room at North

WILD BEASTS IN OHIO.

Lioness and Two Leopards Terrorizing People and Killing Sheep.

DELAWARE, O., Nov. 19,-Citizens Thempson township, this county, are being terrorized by a lioness and two leopards, which escaped from a circus some time ago and traveled from Marion county. Many sheep and caives have been killed. Farmers go to their field work heavily armed. Travel after night has been stopped. A neighborhood hunting party will be organized to

TURKEY'S RULER HURT BY SALIS-BURY'S RECENT LONDON ADDRESS.

Felt So Aggrieved He Sent a Letter to the British Premier and Asked

that It Be Made Public.

SPEECH BY HIS LORDSHIP

ENGLAND UNABLE TO ACCOMPLISH ANYTHING SINGLE-HANDED.

All the Powers Must Act Together-Praise for Rustem Pasha - His Death Announced This Morning.

BRIGHTON, Nov. 19 .- At the annual conference of the National Union Conservative Associations, held here to-day, Mr. J. Rankin, Conservative member of Parliament for the Leomister division of Herefordshire, in moving a resolution to the effect that the condition of agriculture demanded the immediate attention of the government, said he did not think it possible to expect a return to protection, but PURCELL, I. T., Nov. 19.-This tewn was | the duty should be taken off tea and placed visited by a disastrous fire, which almost on wheat, barley, oats and hops. Mr. Ranhead.

H. R. PECK, of Syracuse, railway mailservice clerk, head cut and bruised.

E. REARDON, of Herkimer, railway mailservice clerk, head and body cut and bruised.

Paul Gluckman, who is strongly suspected of applying the torch, and he was at once arrested by a deputy United States marshal, who has wired United States Commissions. And was a member of Mr. Joseph Chamberlain's informal committee on the last the latter subject. Lord Salisbury, the Prime Minister, ad-

dressing the annual conference, said,

among other things: "Allow me to say a

word in answer to a very distinguished so, who requested me to make a statement in a speech to the country. This correspondent is no less a person than the Sultan of Turkey. Nothing would have induced me to read this august message here except the distant commands of the sender. In that speech at the Gulld Hall, on the occasion of the Lord Mayor's day dinner, I expressed the opinion that I had little confidence that the reforms promised for the Turkish empire would be carried into execution. The Sultan sends me a message saying that this statement has pained him very much, as the carrying out of these reforms is a matter already decided on by him; and, further, that he is desirous of executing them as soon as possible. He then proceeds: 'I have already told my ministers this, and so the only reason why Lord Salisbury should thus throw doubts on my good intentions must be due to intrigues of certain persons here, or else false statements must have been made to cause such an opinion. The message then proceeds after some intermediary observation: 'I repeat I will execute these reforms. I will take the papers containing them and see myself that every Ohlo, Senator Julius C. Burrows of Michi- article is put into force. This is my earnest determination, and I give you my word Pennsylvania, Hon. James S. Clarkson of of honor. I wish Lord Salisbury to know Iowa, Congressman J. G. Cannon of Illi- this, and I beg and desire that his Lordship, having confidence in these declarations, will make another speech by virtue of the friendly feeling and disposition he Krum of New York, and ex-Mayor Oliver has for me and my country. I shall await the result of this with the greatest anx-BRITAIN ONLY ONE OF THE POWERS.

Lord Sallsbury then continued: "These ast words will acquit me of any impropriety in what I acknowledge to be a very unprecedented course—the reading of a communication of that kind at a public meeting. I could not abstain from doing what I have done without discourtesy to the distinguished potentates from which this message issued, but, of course, it would not be seemly for me to comment directly on those words. Great Britain forms part of a concerted Europe, which has resolved, so far as it acts, to act with unanimity. Some persons seem to imagine that we, the people of Great Britain, can dispose of all the decisions of all the European powers. be done with unanimity, and we can only will concur, if the powers do c action which may be taken. I will not admit that the responsibility of the de try. The responsibility is upon us and all the powers in common. All those who o act with the powers, those others cannot have their own way. But I am in no wise desirous of intimating that the slightest shade of disagreement up to this moment has arisen between the powers."
Lord Salisbury then proceeded to extell Rustem Pasha, who, he feared, ecover from his present illness. The Frime Minister spoke especially of the former ad-ministration of Rustem Pasha at Lebanon, and said that he was convinced if men like him had been placed in charge of the dis-tricts where all these horrors have ocnever have been racked by all these tales of suffering and terror. If there had been men around the Sultan like Rustem Pasha. present conditions would not exist. resent problem could not be solved by the xternal action of the advising powers. This Lord Salisbury announced a clumsy devise at best. Continuing, he said the problem should have been solved by the natural operation of the working councillors of an enlightened monarchy, acting through efficient and competent instru-

Lord Salisbury added: "I do not see who the men are who are to stand as repre-sentatives of the Rustem Pasha type of officials at the Sublime Porte. I exhort you to consider that this terrible Armenian problem is dulte as much one of competent men as of adequate law; that the mere writing of new provisions on fresh decrees the letter, has not been confirmed. And now comes another story which takes the convention to the Pacific coast. During a recent meeting here at which were present will do their best. But do not imagine that leep-seated diseases in an empire can be cured by the wave of a magician's wand. The results of long years of error will have to be paid for, and so cruel and inexorable is the law that those will pay who were not orginally guilty of the offenses. "I have taken you for the moment into Nothing but the circumstances which I have explained would have persuaded me to do so, for I maintain that a foreign minister, above all others, is bound to value and cherish the virtues of silence."

Lord Salisbury then turned to domestic affairs, and said that the Conservative victory was mainly due to the fact that the magnetic influence of a great statesman, which had been exercised in a sinister spirit, had been removed. In conclusion, he dwelt on the division among the Irishmen, and said that if they were let alone they ould cut their own throats. Lord Salisbury, in his address, gaid that he had no new bills to announce. The first thing to claim their attention was the mat-ter of naval defense, so for some time to come it might be expected that the Admi-ralty department would be an importunate claimant at the doors of the national treasury. He hoped that the government would make a sincere effort to mitigate the agricultural distress in various sections of the country, but declined to encourage any romantic dreams of the farmers, concluding this part of his address with the statement: "Protectionist countries are suffering not less than our own." Lord Salisbury was granted an audience by the Queen at Windsor Castle yesterday. It is supposed that a message to the Sultan concerning affairs in the Turkish empire has been sent by the Queen, and that this was the subject under discussion.

Comment on Salisbury's Speech. LONDON, Nov. 29.-The Times this norning prints an editorial leader commenting on the speech of Lord Salisbury, and asserts that the letter written by the Sultan pays a remarkable tribute to the